

Terraform for VMware vSphere | Quick Guide

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Step-by-Step: Setting Up Terraform on Windows

Step 1: Install Terraform

1. **Download Terraform:**
 - Go to the Terraform Downloads Page.
 - Download the Windows version of Terraform.
2. **Extract Terraform:**
 - Extract the .zip file to a folder (e.g., C:\Terraform).
3. **Add Terraform to PATH:**
 - Open **Control Panel > System > Advanced System Settings > Environment Variables**.
 - Under **System Variables**, locate Path and click **Edit**.
 - Add the directory where you extracted Terraform (e.g., C:\Terraform).
 - Click **OK** to save.
4. **Verify Installation:**
 - Open a **Command Prompt** or **PowerShell** and type:
terraform --version
 - You should see the installed version of Terraform.

Step 2: Prepare Your Terraform Configuration Files

1. **Create a New Directory:**
 - Create a folder for your Terraform project (e.g., C:\MyTerraformProject).
 - Navigate to this folder in Command Prompt or PowerShell:
cd C:\MyTerraformProject
2. **Write Terraform Configuration Files:**
 - Create a .tf file (e.g., main.tf) with your desired configuration using a text editor like Notepad++ or Visual Studio Code.

Step 3: Run terraform init

1. **Navigate to the Project Directory:**
cd C:\MyTerraformProject
2. **Initialize Terraform:**
 - Run the following command:
terraform init
3. **What Happens:**
 - Terraform downloads the necessary provider plugins.
 - It sets up the backend configuration for state management.
 - It ensures your working directory is ready for Terraform operations.
4. **Check for Success:**
 - If successful, you'll see output similar to:
Terraform has been successfully initialized!

Lab1: Create 1 Linux VM from a template

main.tf

```
provider "vsphere" {
  vsphere_server = "vcenter.abdelwahed.me"
  user           = "administrator@vsphere.local"
  password       = "MyPassword12345"
  allow_unverified_ssl = true # Disable SSL verification
}
data "vsphere_datacenter" "dc" {
  name = "vDatacenter"
}
data "vsphere_compute_cluster" "cluster" {
  name           = "vCluster"
  datacenter_id = data.vsphere_datacenter.dc.id
}
data "vsphere_datastore" "ds" {
  name           = "NDatastore1"
  datacenter_id = data.vsphere_datacenter.dc.id
}
data "vsphere_network" "net" {
  name           = "DPortGroup"
  datacenter_id = data.vsphere_datacenter.dc.id
}
data "vsphere_virtual_machine" "template" {
  name           = "Linux" # Template name from your environment
  datacenter_id = data.vsphere_datacenter.dc.id
}
resource "vsphere_virtual_machine" "vm" {
  name           = "Linux1"
  resource_pool_id = data.vsphere_compute_cluster.cluster.resource_pool_id
  datastore_id   = data.vsphere_datastore.ds.id
  num_cpus       = 2
  memory         = 1024 # Set memory to 1 GB
  guest_id       = data.vsphere_virtual_machine.template.guest_id
  firmware       = "efi" # Set firmware to EFI
  network_interface {
    network_id   = data.vsphere_network.net.id
    adapter_type = "vmxnet3"
  }
  disk {
    label           = "disk0"
    size            = data.vsphere_virtual_machine.template.disks.0.size
    eagerly_scrub   = false
    thin_provisioned = true
  }
  clone {
    template_uuid = data.vsphere_virtual_machine.template.id
  }
}
```

```
    customize {
      linux_options {
        host_name = "linux1"
        domain    = "local"
      }
      network_interface {
        ipv4_address = "192.168.221.100" # Adjust as needed
        ipv4_netmask = 24
      }
      ipv4_gateway = "192.168.221.2" # Updated gateway
      dns_server_list = ["192.168.221.200"] # DNS server
    }
  }
}
```

Summary of Terraform Code Actions

- **Configures the vSphere Provider**
 - Connects to the vCenter server at vcenter.abdelwahed.me using the specified credentials.
 - Disables SSL certificate verification (allow_unverified_ssl = true).
- **Reads Existing vSphere Infrastructure Objects**
 - Loads a datacenter named **vDatacenter**.
 - Loads a compute cluster named **vCluster** within the specified datacenter.
 - Loads a datastore named **NDatastore1** from the same datacenter.
 - Loads a network named **DPortGroup** from the same datacenter.
 - Loads a VM template named **Linux** to use as the cloning source.
- **Creates a New Virtual Machine (VM) Named Linux1**
 - Places the VM in the resource pool of the vCluster compute cluster.
 - Uses the NDatastore1 for VM storage.
 - Assigns **2 CPUs** and **1 GB memory** to the VM.
 - Sets the VM's firmware to **EFI**.
 - Configures a single network interface:
 - Connects to the DPortGroup network.
 - Uses the vmxnet3 adapter type.
 - Configures a single virtual disk:
 - Size matches the first disk of the Linux template.
 - Disk is thin-provisioned (saves space).
 - Disk is not eagerly scrubbed.
- **Clones the New VM from the Linux Template**
 - Specifies the template's UUID for cloning.
 - Customizes the guest OS:
 - Sets hostname to **linux1** and domain to **local**.
 - Sets static IPv4 address to 192.168.221.100, netmask to /24.
 - Sets gateway to 192.168.221.2.
 - Uses DNS server 192.168.221.200.

Lab2: Deploy 10 Virtual Machines with Custom IP Range in vSphere Cluster

main.tf

```
provider "vsphere" {
  vsphere_server = "vcenter.abdelwahed.me"

  user          = "administrator@vsphere.local"
  password      = "Mypassword12345"
  allow_unverified_ssl = true # Disable SSL verification
}
data "vsphere_datacenter" "dc" {
  name = "vDatacenter"
}
data "vsphere_compute_cluster" "cluster" {
  name          = "vCluster"
  datacenter_id = data.vsphere_datacenter.dc.id
}
data "vsphere_datastore" "ds" {
  name          = "NDatastore1"
  datacenter_id = data.vsphere_datacenter.dc.id
}
data "vsphere_network" "net" {
  name          = "DPortGroup"
  datacenter_id = data.vsphere_datacenter.dc.id
}
data "vsphere_virtual_machine" "template" {
  name          = "Linux" # Template name from your environment
  datacenter_id = data.vsphere_datacenter.dc.id
}
resource "vsphere_virtual_machine" "vm" {
  count          = 2 # Create 10 VMs
  name          = "Linux-${count.index + 1}" # Name VMs as Linux-1, Linux-2, etc.
  resource_pool_id = data.vsphere_compute_cluster.cluster.resource_pool_id
  datastore_id   = data.vsphere_datastore.ds.id
  num_cpus      = 2
  memory        = 1024 # Set memory to 1 GB
  guest_id      = data.vsphere_virtual_machine.template.guest_id
  firmware      = "efi" # Set firmware to EFI
  network_interface {
    network_id     = data.vsphere_network.net.id
    adapter_type   = "vmxnet3"
  }

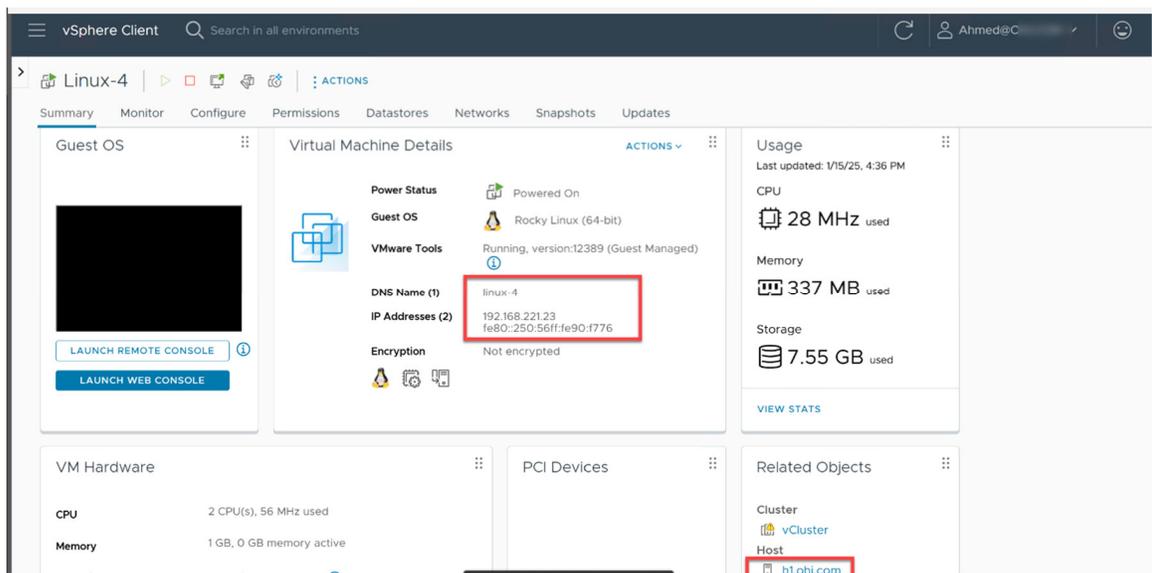
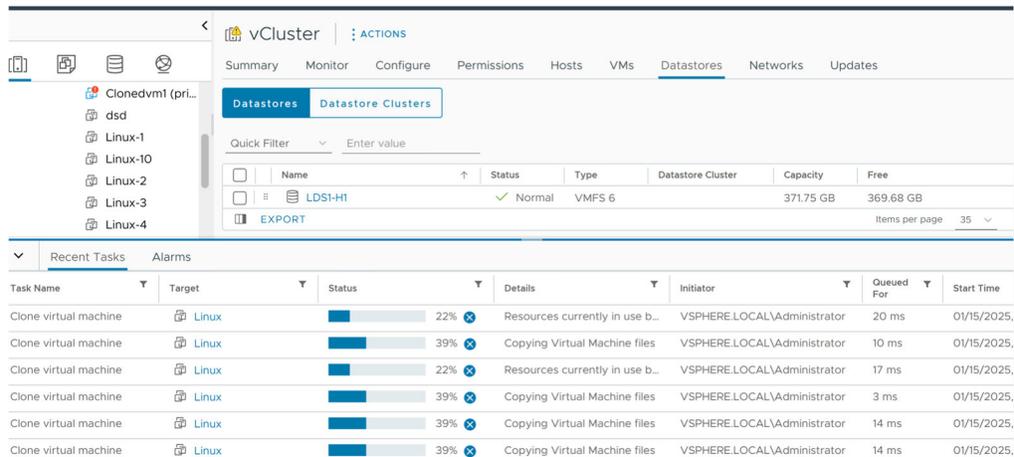
  disk {
    label          = "disk0"
    size           = data.vsphere_virtual_machine.template.disks.0.size
    eagerly_scrub  = false
  }
}
```

```

thin_provisioned = true
}
clone {
  template_uuid = data.vsphere_virtual_machine.template.id

  customize {
    linux_options {
      host_name = "linux-${count.index + 1}" # Set hostname
      domain    = "local"
    }
    network_interface {
      ipv4_address = "192.168.221.${20 + count.index}" # Assign IPs from 192.168.221.20 to
192.168.221.30
      ipv4_netmask = 24
    }
    ipv4_gateway = "192.168.221.2" # Default gateway
    dns_server_list = ["192.168.221.200"] # DNS server
  }
}
}
}

```



Summary of Terraform Code Actions

- **Configures the vSphere Provider**
 - Connects to the vCenter server at vcenter.abdelwahed.me using specified admin credentials.
 - SSL verification is disabled (allow_unverified_ssl = true).
- **Reads Existing vSphere Infrastructure Objects**
 - Loads datacenter named **vDatacenter**.
 - Loads compute cluster named **vCluster** in that datacenter.
 - Loads datastore named **NDatastore1** from the datacenter.
 - Loads network named **DPortGroup** from the datacenter.
 - Loads VM template named **Linux** from the datacenter.
- **Creates Multiple VMs in a Loop (Using count)**
 - **Creates 2 VMs** (based on count = 2; comment suggests 10, but code creates 2).
 - Each VM is named **Linux-1**, **Linux-2**, etc. (Linux- $\{\text{count.index} + 1\}$).
 - Each VM is placed in the resource pool of the vCluster and uses the NDatastore1 datastore.
 - Each VM gets:
 - **2 CPUs and 1 GB memory.**
 - **EFI firmware.**
 - Network interface attached to DPortGroup using vmxnet3 adapter.
 - One thin-provisioned disk matching the template size.
- **Clones Each VM from the Linux Template**
 - Uses the specified template for each VM.
 - Customizes the guest OS for each VM:
 - Sets hostname to linux-1, linux-2, etc.
 - Sets domain to local.
 - Assigns a unique static IPv4 address for each VM:
 - First VM: 192.168.221.20
 - Second VM: 192.168.221.21
 - (Would continue for additional VMs if count were increased)
 - Sets network mask to /24.
 - Sets default gateway to 192.168.221.2.
 - Configures DNS server as 192.168.221.200.

Lab3: Deploy 5 Virtual Machines on Host h2.abdelwahed.me

main.tf

```
provider "vsphere" {
  vsphere_server = "vcenter.abdelwahed.me"
  user           = "administrator@vsphere.local"
  password       = "Mypassword12345"
  allow_unverified_ssl = true # Disable SSL verification
}
data "vsphere_datacenter" "dc" {
  name = "vDatacenter"
}
data "vsphere_host" "host_h2" {
  name           = "h2.abdelwahed.me" # Corrected host name
  datacenter_id = data.vsphere_datacenter.dc.id
}
data "vsphere_datastore" "ds" {
  name           = "NDatastore1"
  datacenter_id = data.vsphere_datacenter.dc.id
}
data "vsphere_network" "net" {
  name           = "DPortGroup"
  datacenter_id = data.vsphere_datacenter.dc.id
}
data "vsphere_virtual_machine" "template" {
  name           = "Linux" # Template name from your environment
  datacenter_id = data.vsphere_datacenter.dc.id
}
resource "vsphere_virtual_machine" "vm" {
  count          = 5 # Create 5 VMs
  name          = "Linux-H2-${count.index + 1}" # Name VMs as Linux-H2-1, Linux-H2-2, etc.
  resource_pool_id = data.vsphere_host.host_h2.resource_pool_id # Assign VMs to H2's
resource pool
  datastore_id   = data.vsphere_datastore.ds.id
  num_cpus      = 2
  memory        = 1024 # Set memory to 1 GB
  guest_id      = data.vsphere_virtual_machine.template.guest_id
  firmware      = "efi" # Set firmware to EFI
  network_interface {
    network_id    = data.vsphere_network.net.id
    adapter_type = "vmxnet3"
  }
}
```

```

disk {
  label          = "disk0"
  size           = data.vsphere_virtual_machine.template.disks.0.size
  eagerly_scrub  = false
  thin_provisioned = true
}
clone {
  template_uuid = data.vsphere_virtual_machine.template.id
  customize {
    linux_options {
      host_name = "linux-h2-${count.index + 1}" # Set hostname
      domain    = "local"
    }
    network_interface {
      ipv4_address = "192.168.221.${40 + count.index}" # Assign IPs from
192.168.221.40 to 192.168.221.44
      ipv4_netmask = 24
    }
    ipv4_gateway = "192.168.221.2" # Default gateway
    dns_server_list = ["192.168.221.200"] # DNS server
  }
}
}
}
}

```

The screenshot displays the vSphere Client interface for a vCluster. The left sidebar shows a tree view with 'vCenter.ohi.com' expanded to 'vDatacenter' and then 'vCluster'. Under 'vCluster', several hosts are listed, including 'Linux-H2-1' through 'Linux-H2-5', which are highlighted with a red box. The main panel shows 'Issues and Alarms' with a warning for 'vSphere HA failover in progress'. Below this, 'Cluster Details' shows 8 total processors and 11 total vMotion migrations. To the right, 'Capacity and Usage' shows 3.04 GHz used and 22.46 GHz allocated. At the bottom, the 'Recent Tasks' table is visible, with three rows highlighted in red, all showing 'Clone virtual machine' tasks for 'Linux' targets, with progress bars and status icons.

Task Name	Target	Status	Details	Initiator	Queued For	Start Time
Clone virtual machine	Linux	42%	Copying Virtual Machine files	VSPHERE.LOCAL\Administrator	11 ms	01/15/2025, 5:14:28 PM
Clone virtual machine	Linux	39%	Copying Virtual Machine files	VSPHERE.LOCAL\Administrator	223 ms	01/15/2025, 5:14:28 PM
Clone virtual machine	Linux	39%	Copying Virtual Machine files	VSPHERE.LOCAL\Administrator	31 ms	01/15/2025, 5:14:28 PM

Summary of Terraform Code Actions

- **Configures the vSphere Provider**
 - Connects to the vCenter server at vcenter.abdelwahed.me using admin credentials.
 - Disables SSL certificate verification.
- **Reads Existing vSphere Infrastructure Objects**
 - Loads the datacenter named **vDatacenter**.
 - Loads the ESXi host named **h2.abdelwahed.me** in that datacenter.
 - Loads the datastore named **NDatastore1**.
 - Loads the network named **DPortGroup**.
 - Loads the VM template named **Linux**.
- **Creates Multiple Virtual Machines (VMs) on a Specific Host**
 - **Creates 5 VMs** (using count = 5).
 - Names each VM as **Linux-H2-1, Linux-H2-2, ..., Linux-H2-5**.
 - Assigns each VM to the resource pool of the ESXi host h2.abdelwahed.me.
 - Stores each VM in the datastore NDatastore1.
 - **VM Configuration:**
 - 2 CPUs and 1 GB memory per VM.
 - EFI firmware.
 - One network interface using vmxnet3 adapter, connected to DPortGroup.
 - One thin-provisioned disk matching the size of the template.
- **Clones Each VM from the Linux Template**
 - Each VM is a clone of the **Linux** template.
 - Customizes guest OS for each VM:
 - Hostname as linux-h2-1, linux-h2-2, ..., linux-h2-5.
 - Domain set to local.
 - Assigns a unique static IPv4 address to each VM:
 - 192.168.221.40 through 192.168.221.44
 - Sets network mask to /24.
 - Sets gateway to 192.168.221.2.
 - Sets DNS server to 192.168.221.200.

Lab4: Deploy Multiple VMs With Different Sizes

main.tf

```
provider "vsphere" {
  vsphere_server      = "vcenter.example.com"
  user                = "administrator@vsphere.local"
  password            = "MyPassword12345"
  allow_unverified_ssl = true
}
data "vsphere_datacenter" "dc" {
  name = "vDatacenter"
}
data "vsphere_compute_cluster" "cluster" {
  name          = "vCluster"
  datacenter_id = data.vsphere_datacenter.dc.id
}
data "vsphere_datastore" "ds" {
  name          = "NDatastore1"
  datacenter_id = data.vsphere_datacenter.dc.id
}
data "vsphere_network" "net" {
  name          = "DPortGroup"
  datacenter_id = data.vsphere_datacenter.dc.id
}
data "vsphere_virtual_machine" "template" {
  name          = "Linux"
  datacenter_id = data.vsphere_datacenter.dc.id
}
variable "vm_configs" {
  default = [
    { name = "web",  cpu = 2, mem = 2048, ip = "192.168.221.100" },
    { name = "db",   cpu = 4, mem = 4096, ip = "192.168.221.101" },
    { name = "test", cpu = 1, mem = 1024, ip = "192.168.221.102" },
  ]
}
resource "vsphere_virtual_machine" "custom_vms" {
  count          = length(var.vm_configs)
  name          = var.vm_configs[count.index]["name"]
  resource_pool_id = data.vsphere_compute_cluster.cluster.resource_pool_id
  datastore_id  = data.vsphere_datastore.ds.id
}
```

```
num_cpus = var.vm_configs[count.index]["cpu"]
memory   = var.vm_configs[count.index]["mem"]
guest_id = data.vsphere_virtual_machine.template.guest_id
firmware = "efi"
network_interface {
  network_id   = data.vsphere_network.net.id
  adapter_type = "vmxnet3"
}
disk {
  label          = "disk0"
  size           = data.vsphere_virtual_machine.template.disks.0.size
  eagerly_scrub = false
  thin_provisioned = true
}
clone {
  template_uuid = data.vsphere_virtual_machine.template.id
  customize {
    linux_options {
      host_name = var.vm_configs[count.index]["name"]
      domain    = "local"
    }
    network_interface {
      ipv4_address = var.vm_configs[count.index]["ip"]
      ipv4_netmask = 24
    }
    ipv4_gateway     = "192.168.221.2"
    dns_server_list = ["192.168.221.200"]
  }
}
}
```

Summary of Terraform Code Actions

- **Configures the vSphere Provider**
 - Connects to the vCenter server at vcenter.example.com using administrative credentials.
 - Disables SSL verification for vCenter connection.
- **Reads Existing vSphere Infrastructure**
 - Loads a datacenter named vDatacenter.
 - Loads a compute cluster named vCluster within the specified datacenter.
 - Loads a datastore named NDatastore1 within the datacenter.
 - Loads a network named DPortGroup within the datacenter.
 - Loads a virtual machine template named Linux within the datacenter.
- **Defines a List of VM Configurations**
 - The vm_configs variable lists three VMs, each with:
 - A unique name (web, db, test)
 - Different CPU and memory values
 - A unique static IPv4 address
- **Creates Multiple Virtual Machines Using a Loop**
 - For each configuration in vm_configs, a new VM is created with settings from the variable.
 - VMs are placed in the specified compute cluster and datastore.
 - Each VM is assigned its specified CPU, memory, and static IP.
 - Each VM is cloned from the Linux template, with the same disk size as the template, thin-provisioned.
 - The network adapter uses vmxnet3 and connects to DPortGroup.
 - Each VM is set up with EFI firmware.
 - Linux guest OS customization is performed for hostname, domain, network, gateway, and DNS.